ZOMBA CITY COUNCIL



LOCAL REVENUE ENHANCEMENT STRATEGIC PLAN (LRESP)





2022 - 2026

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

BOT Build Operate and Transfer

CSO Civil Society Organization

CCTV Closed Circuit Television

CTP & EO Chief Town Planner & Estates Officer

DOA Director of Administration

DOF Director of Finance

DHSS Director of Health & Social Services

DOES Director of Engineering Services

HIV Human Immune Virus

IFMIS Integrated Financial Management Information System

LRESP Local Revenue Enhancement Strategic Plan

MGDS III Malawi Growth Development Strategy III

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MP Member of Parliament

ICT Information & Computer Technologies

NITEL National Integrated Technologies Malawi Company

PESTEL Political, Economic. Social, Technological Environmental and Legal

PIPO Principal Investment & Promotion Officer

PPP Private Public Partnership

PRO Public Relations Officer

SWOT Strengths Weakness Opportunities and Threats

SME Small Medium Enterprise

SEP Social Economic Profile

SP Strategic Plan

UDP Urban Development Plan

WDC Ward Development Committee

QVR Quinquennial Valuation Roll

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FOREWORD



City councils in Malawi are created for the management of city affairs and to provide for the general welfare of their inhabitants. In spite of this huge responsibility towards city and citizens, city councils are authorised to generate their own revenues to meet their own operational costs and municipal mandates. Given this fact, as Zomba city council we realise that urban development and welfare of city residents depends on increased generation of revenues.

Zomba city council however, is one of the Local Authorities established under the Local Government Act 1998 (and amended in 2010). It is mandated in the Act to provide socio-economic

services to its citizens within its area of jurisdiction. Using various means, the Council is supposed to mobilize financial resources within its Local Government Area for governance and development programmes. It is therefore due to such mandate as given by the Act for the council to have a Local Revenue Enhancement Strategic Plan (LRESP), a blueprint earmarked at assisting the council to improve its revenue collection performance and also broadening its revenue base both in short and long run.

The strategy provides a way in which as the council we can build and improve on current payments levels and then to recover arrear debts. As indicated, this document seeks to identify causes for non-collection of adequate financial resources and other potential sources of revenue for the council. The strategy has been given a five-year timeline in order to attain long term and medium term Malawi Government plans as outlined in the Malawi 2063 vision (MW 2063), Malawi Growth and Development Strategy III (MGDS III) and Malawi Public Sector Reforms Policy on improving domestic revenue mobilization. Locally, the document was also developed in line with the Council's Strategic Plan (SP), Urban Development Plan (UDP) and Social Economic Profile (SEP). It is therefore my great expectations that through this strategic document Zomba city council will be able to mobilize adequate resources for the purposes of improving urban development and provision of adequate municipal services to the city residents in Zomba city.

I therefore call upon all relevant stakeholders both from Zomba city, national level and globally to work together with Zomba city council in operationalizing this strategic document. As together we can improve revenue generation for the Council and consequent improvement of service delivery and national development agendas.

Cllr David Maunde

MAYOR ZOMBA CITY COUNCIL

PREFACE



This LRESP is the resemblance of Zomba city council's aspirations in the next coming five years as regards to how it has laid out its plans in order to build and improve the council's revenue collection performance for benefit of delivering efficient municipal services. Zomba city council as a Local Authority on its own has the mandate within the Local Government Act (1998) (amended in 2010) to formulate its own long term strategic plan earmarked at improving its revenue base.

More to say on this, the council's local revenue performance has for the past years followed the unstable pattern, which is quite unsustainable as regards to Zomba city council's commitment in the provision of public services. Evidence to this, is how the council revenue growth pattern increased to 21.5% in 2016-17, and then significantly decreased to -34.8% in 2019-20 financial year. However, much as there has been a number of factors exacerbating such a cause of unstable local revenue collection pattern. The major underlying factor has been that there has not been up to date strategic plan which is in line to the modern dynamics of the social-economic landscape to assist in mitigating the causes or risk factors, and year after year strategize in a broader way to improve the situation.

I wish to inform the general public that this Zomba city council's LRESP has taken into considerations both external and internal factors using SWOT and PESTEL analysis to come up with strategies. The development also took into account an intertwined consultation approach of bottom and top-down approach, where Councillors, Management and Staff were consulted, and also the grassroots committees like market and ward development committees. The main objective of following such approach was to hear both parties, and in so doing having a sense of ownership as we operationalize the strategy for the benefit of Zomba city in the next 5 years.

I therefore urge everyone to work as a team and think outside the box as we endeavour to enhance locally generated revenue for the Council. The strategies proposed in this Strategic Plan are not exhaustive. In the course of implementing the Plan, more strategies may be used as long as they achieve the purpose for which this plan has been designed. The Plan may be subjected to reviews to take into account some emerging issues and circumstances in the physical, socio-economic and political environment.

I would like to thank you in advance for taking your time and effort to read the strategic plan and take part in the successful implementation of this plan.

Fred Nankuyu

ACTING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFICER ZOMBA CITY COUNCIL

CHAPTER ONE

1.0 BACKGROUND

Zomba City Council is a corporate body established under the Local Government Act No. 42 of 1998 (revised in 2010). The Council is composed of political and administrative structures. The Mayor heads the political structure while the secretariat is headed by the Chief Executive Officer. Administratively, the City has one constituent, 10 Wards and 27 neighborhoods. Each ward has its own elected councilor, ward development committee and neighborhood development committees. The council comprises ten councilors', one MP and five interest groups (disability, CSOs, Faith Based, Business, and Chancellor College – Academia).

The secretariat comprises 6 directorates; Administration, Finance, Planning and Development, Health and Social Services, and education, Engineering. These departments work in collaboration to pursue the following key result areas.

- 1. Provision of high quality support services that would sustain the functionality of the council (administration and human resources)
- 2. Enhancement of effective and efficient mobilization and management of financial resources for the Council (finance)
- 3. Promotion and facilitation of sustainable, inclusive and transformative investment, trade and commerce activities for the council (trade and commerce)
- 4. Promotion of orderly social and economic city development in the City (planning and development).
- 5. Promotion of a health, safe and hygienic community/Improving living standards at household level (health and social services)
- 6. Provision of equitable access to quality and relevant basic education (education)
- 7. Provision and maintenance of safe and high quality infrastructure and transport system (engineering services)
- 8. Promotion of transparency and accountability in the management of resources of the Council (internal audit)
- 9. Provision of parks, leisure and recreational facilities (parks and recreation).

Zomba City is one of the four major cities in the country. It is the fourth largest urban Centre after Lilongwe, Blantyre and Mzuzu with area coverage of 39 Km². Located at the Centre of Zomba District in the Southern Region of the Republic of Malawi, it is classified as an administrative district and the main market center for the South Eastern Sub-Region. The town is at the foot of Zomba Plateau amidst attractive green scenery. The town is the old colonial capital of Malawi and still houses a wide range of government institutions.

1.1 LOCATION, SIZE, AND OTHER FEATURES

Well known as the old capital, the city of Zomba is located at the Centre of Zomba District in the Southern Region of the Republic of Malawi. It covers an area of 39 km2 and shares all of its boundaries with Zomba District, which forms an integral part of its sphere of influence. The city has ten geographical wards. Zomba City is the fourth largest urban centre in Malawi after Blantyre, Lilongwe and Mzuzu. It is situated along M3 Road about 65km north of Blantyre (the main Commercial Centre) and about 300 kilometers South East of Lilongwe (the Capital city).

Furthermore, City of Zomba is situated in a generally mountainous and hilly area whose ground elevations vary between 790m and 1265m above sea level. Located at the foot of Zomba Plateau, the city is flanked by Sadzi, Nkholonje, Chipironi, Chinamwali, Naisi, Likungwati, Ndangopuma, Mtiya and Chidalanje hills. The terrain is varied and undulating due to dissections made by numerous streams that flow through the town. Zomba Plateau is 2085m above sea level. It is the fourth highest plateau in the country after Mulanje, Nyika, and Viphya. The Plateau is one of the renowned tourist attractions in the country because of its diverse natural resources, historical spots and scenic beauty.

Based on NSO 2018 housing census the population of Zomba city was at 105,013 people with an annual growth rate of 2.5%. Despite being the second least growing city in Malawi when compared to the other three cities of Mzuzu, Lilongwe and Blantyre, the city continues to experience increased population growth, a trend that signifies increased demand for land and increased need for provision of public infrastructure and basic urban services.

As regards to hydro provision, Likangala is the main river that flows through the city. Mbedza, Bwaila, Mponda, Sadzi and Mulunguzi rivers are the main tributaries for Likangala River besides numerous small streams as their tributaries. The rivers generally flow south eastwards to Lake Chilwa. They have Zomba Plateau as their source with the exception of Mbedza and Sadzi rivers which have different

sources. The rivers form part of the Lake Chilwa Catchment Area. Lake Chilwa is an inland drainage lake located about 25km from Zomba City.

1.2 REVENUE SOURCES AND TRENDS

As prescribed in the Local Government Act 1998 (revised in 2010), all Local Authorities are supposed to mobilize resources within the local government area for governance and development. The sources of revenue for the Council to finance its operations shall include but not limited to the following;

- Property rates;
- Ground rent;
- Fees and licenses;
- Commercial undertakings
- Service charges.
- Government grants.
- Ceded revenue.

Over the period of 6 years the Council's revenue performance is as highlighted in the table below.

Table 1: Zomba City Council Revenue Performance from 2015-16 to 2019-20

Revenue Stream	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-2020
Central Government					
Property Rates	32,330,015.00	9,094,920.00	16,449,906.00	75,396,021.00	75,000,000.00
Other Property Rates	163,512,514.49	314,198,199.16	341,511,304.81	330,292,191.89	327,123,224.04
Income from Market					
Establishments	69,493,710.00	105,020,748.00	108,648,660.00	106,640,971.00	85,659,850.00
Fees and Service					
Charges	74,025,323.00	83,488,982.84	93,405,629.19	204,588,099.51	72,779,862.39
Licenses and Permits	21,788,150.00	26,397,150.00	57,013,500.00	67,705,500.00	78,453,400.00
Income Commercial					
Undertakings	10,129,287.51	3,660,000.00	3,980,000.00	6,488,000.00	6,390,000.00
TOTAL	371,279,000.00	541,860,000.00	621,009,000.00	791,110,783.40	645,406,336.43

Source: Zomba City Council Financial Reports

21.5%

21.5%

2016-17 2017-18 2019-20 2020-21 2020-21 2021-22 (BY END DECEMBER, 2021)

-52.3%

Figure 1: Zomba City Council Local Revenue Growth Trend for the Past 5 Years

Source: Zomba City Council Financial Reports

1.2. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The council's revenue trend over the past years has been fluctuating. For instance, in the year 2016-17 it was at 31.5% and declined to 12.7% in the subsequent year. However, in 2018-19 it slightly increased by 8.8%. Between 2018-19 and 2019-20 revenue drastically decreased to -22.6%. This among others is attributed to inadequate citizen engagement and other stakeholders on local revenue enhancement, poor monitoring and enforcement, non-compliance of tax payers, and poor coordination between key departments. In addition, COVID-19 pandemic and aftermath of 2019 elections which brought economic activities in Zomba city to a standstill. Much as the revenue collection trend improved in the subsequent year (2020-21) to -2.4%. The increment was still insufficient, as it was still below the zero threshold as indicated in figure 2.

Furthermore, qualifying such performance in comparison to the revenue budget against the actual collection the performance has been discouraging. Evidence to this is in 2017-18 and 2018-19 where the budget missed its revenue budget respectively by utilizing 78.2% and 88.7%, and such a trend has been continuing in the subsequent years.

However in light of this, the Council has developed the LRESP to address the above mentioned social-economic bottlenecks, so as to enhance revenue generation.

1.3. ZOMBA CITY COUNCIL'S REVENUE STRATEGIC DIRECTION

1.3.1 Vision

To be a leading urban council in Malawi in effective and efficient mobilization and management of financial resources.

1.3.2 Mission

To maximize collection of revenue from all the potential and existing sources in a more inclusive approach through involving the citizenry and any other relevant stakeholders in order to provide quality services.

1.3.3 Core Values

- Team work
- Professionalism
- Business centered
- Zero tolerance on corruption
- Fairness
- Networking
- Adaptation
- Mindset change
- Responsiveness

CHAPTER TWO

2.0 SITUATION ANALYSIS

The team employed two techniques in conducting environmental scanning of the revenue base of the Council. The techniques included SWOT and PESTEL analysis.

2.1. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES, THREATS ANALYSIS (SWOT)

This is an analysis of an institutional existing strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats. The strengths and weaknesses are internal factors that might enhance or hinder revenue generation of the Council. Whereas opportunities and threats are external factor that might enhance or hinder revenue generation.

2.1.1 STRENGTHS

- There is existence of Social Economic Profile (SEP) and Urban Development Plan (UDP) as the key guiding blue prints for the development of Zomba city.
- Existence of supportive oversight structure.
- Trainable, skilled and qualified human resource.
- Capacity to use donor funds and develop programs and projects
- Existence of local governance structures, civil society organisation and academic institutions.
- There good team among secretariat staff.

2.1.2 WEAKNESSES

- Inadequate human due to labour turnover.
- Ineffective systems and low technical capacity.
- Weak link between secretariat and political arm.
- Outdated By-laws.
- Existence of obsolete equipment
- Overreliance of traditional management systems, with low or minimal absorption of technology.
- Lack of creativity and innovation.
- Low local revenue against demand for services.
- Resistance to change by the secretariat, political arm and the city residents.
- Weak enforcement and monitoring mechanisms.

- Lack of resources
- Underutilization of potential sources of revenue
- Poor publicity of Council services.
- Poor engagement mechanisms with stakeholders in urban service delivery.
- Lack of training opportunities for staff members
- Inadequate accounting systems.

2.1.3 OPPORTUNITIES

- Availability of extensive land for expansion in the peripheral of Zomba city.
- Amendment of Land Acts to abolish multiple land ownership.
- Stakeholders' interest and active participation in City Council's activities.
- Availability of non-state actors on development programs. expand the city for commercial and industrial use
- Availability of Public- Private Partnership's legal and institutional framework.
- Availability of business investment opportunities and untapped sources of revenue.
- Existence of headquarters and regional offices of national institutions

2.1.4 THREATS

- Fragile economy.
- Poor public image towards Councils.
- Corruption
- Rapid population growth
- Rapid urbanisation and uncontrolled slums.
- Inconsistent funding that could affect the implementation of the plans
- Political interference in the city's technical affairs.
- COVID-19 and HIV/AIDS pandemics.
- Political and social instability(i.e. markets and nationally)
- Incoherent legal frameworks on land management and urban planning.

2.2 PESTEL ANAYSIS

PESTEL analysis is also one of the strategic models which is employed in order to assess the institutional macro-environmental factors that affects the institution to attain its strategic aspirations. The model stands for the following factors; political, economic, social, technological and legal. In this case, the Council therefore assumes that all these factors have a critical impact in hindering or enhancing its local revenue generation.

Political factors

- i. Political will to put in place governance structures that enhance or hinder revenue collection.
- ii. Political Interference in revenue collection and management
- iii. Democratic culture (as an aspect to affect our operations)
- iv. Political instability.

Economic factors

- i. Economic crisis at national, regional and global level (i.e. inflation)
- ii. Investment and economic opportunities
- iii. Intermittent supply of electricity and water
- iv. Trends towards public private partnership (PPP).
- v. Market liberalization.
- vi. Regional integration.
- vii. Globalization and economic policies at national, regional and global.

Sociological Factors

- i. High urbanization rate (many people coming to stay in town against limited resources/services offered by the City Council)
- ii. High population growth
- iii. Disease outbreaks.
- iv. Myths, believes and values.

Technological Factors

- i. Low internet connectivity.
- ii. High cost of communication charges.
- iii. Uptake of technology.
- iv. Underutilization of ICT facilities.

Environmental

- i. Pollution
- ii. Environmental degradation.
- iii. Climate change and global warming.
- iv. Deforestation.
- v. Natural disasters.

Legal Factors

- i. Amendment, repeal and enactment of laws.
- ii. Ambiguity of laws.
- iii. Inconsistency of laws.

CHAPTER THREE

3.1. PROBLEM ANALYSIS USING CAUSE EFFECT ANALYSIS

The team identified main problems affecting revenue mobilization according to specific revenue source for the Council.

Table 2: Problem Analysis on Revenue Mobilization

REVENUE	CAUSE A	CAUSE B	CAUSE C	STRATEGY
SPECIFIC ISSUE				
ADVERTISING CH	ARGES (Billboards Gro	und rentals, Poles and Ot	ther Advertising Facilitie	es)
Under collection	Lack of tracking tool	Lack of monitoring and enforcement	 Inadequate knowledge sign/billboard owners/advertisers. Non-compliance towards rentals and illegal mounting. Lack of coordination between planning and finance in 	 Develop a sign posts/advertisers/billboard owners tracking tool Develop a rate able geographical database Tracking and enforcement Developing a binding document between the Council and clients (MOU's). Develop a clear coordination between planning, finance and commerce. Come up with a clear pricing plan. Identification of a desk officer Develop communication strategy i.e. face to face meeting, phone in programs and others.
			tracking the sign posts.	Officis.

PARKS AND RECR	REATION CHARGES (Landscaping, tree felling etc.)
Under collection	Lack of adequate resources towards developing and establish existing parks. Poor state of the parks. Poor marketing strategy Inadequate capacity of staff. Poor marketing strategy Inadequate capacity of staff. Wandalism of developed parks. Poor marketing strategy Inadequate capacity of staff. Wandalism of developed parks. Encroachment in developed parks Unmanned green spaces. Inadequate capacity of staff. Wandalism of developed parks. Encroachment in developed parks Unmanned green spaces. Review tree felling and selling controls Review tree felling and selling controls Total development of recreation parks. Revamp underdeveloped parks Recruit more staff in parks and recreation. Review tree felling and selling controls Total development of recreation parks. Revamp underdeveloped parks Wandalism of developed parks. Unmanned green spaces.
COUNCIL LOCK U	P SHOP RENTALS (Bus depot, Markets and at other council facilities)
Under collection	 Lack of monitoring tool on tenancy agreements Under staffing tool on tenancy tool on tenancy agreements Vandalism of shops tool on tenancy by tenants. Evict long outstanding tenants

	Defaults by tenants	staff members • Lack of timely maintenance of	Non usability of shops. Limited space for business Sub-renting of lock up shops.	up shops
TEES AND SERVICE Under collection	Lack of knowledge among the city residents on council services.	 Mistrust by the city residents and other stakeholders due to lack of transparency Inadequate provision of services to the city residents. Inadequate citizen engagement. 	Non-compliance in payment of relevant council services.	 Develop a service charter. Develop an effective communication and citizen engagement strategy. Periodic capacity building of council members. Develop a Services Driven Investment Plan Develop a Council Corruption Free Strategy. Develop a corruption strategy. Develop new cemeteries

BUS DEPOT DEP	ARTURE AND OTHER PAR	KING PLACES		
Under collection	 Corruption Multiple collection of departure fees Reduction in business activity at the bus terminal Increased illegal taxis in town. 	 Lack of Supervision Lack of register on the number of business activities happening at the depot Increased illegal taxis outside bus depot 	 Lack of commitment Influx of call boys at the bus depot Compromised ticketing system Influx of illegal taxi operations going to Lilongwe at the bus depot 	 Setting targets on daily revenue Privatizing the collection activity. Setting up CCTV. E-ticketing Introducing check points on strategic town exit points. Enforcement and stiff penalties on defaulters. Collaboration with other stakeholders on enforcement.

		INCOME FROM MAI	RKETS
Under correction	• Corruption	Weak controls	Gap Reviewing By-laws affecting illeg
Collection of	• Political and	Weak procedures	between vending
	•		
	collect on Sunday marketing at Chinamwali		

Stakeholders	Street vending	• Inadequate space in	• Small	Increase market spaces
Issues at the	• Non-compliance to	markets	market	
market	fee payment	• Lack of	space	
	 Corruption 	knowledge	• Stakeholde	
	Market committees	• Lack of Infrastructure	rs	
	influence	& services	interactive	
			forum	
			absent	
INCOME F	ROM COMMERCIAL UNDE	ERSTAKINGS (Rest houses, M	Iulunguzi Cottage)	
Under collection	Corruption	• Laxity	• Lack of	Renovate the old structures.
	Obsolete structures		resources	• Explore other PPP arrangements.
	• Poor tenancy			
	agreement			
	management			
		BUSINESSS LICENSES	AND PERMITS	
Under Collection	Non-compliance	• Political and		Enhancing civic education among
	1 (oii 1 oiiipiimio	traditional leaders		entrepreneurs and the local people.
		interference		
	Weak of enforcement	• Lack of adequate		Develop effective enforcement mechanisms
		enforcement		Automation of business license
		mechanisms		
	• Corruption	Lack of integrity		Develop Anticorruption strategy

Lack of av	areness • Lack of knowledge	Intensify civic education
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PROPERTY RATE	S ISSUES			
(I) MANA	GEMENT ISSUES			
ISSUES	CAUSE A	CAUSE B	CAUSE C	Strategies
Under collection	Irregular updating of property	Lack of funds, human and material resources.	• Poor planning (mobilization of resources)	Update the current QVR by a professional valuation firm.
	valuation rolls (QVR and SVR). • Corruption by valuation consultants	Poor supervision of valuation exercises	Corruption within the system	Close supervision of the valuation process
	Lack of coordination between Planning and Finance & commerce departments	 Absence of basis for targeting Absence of revenue targets 		 Enhanced coordination between the two departments (finance and planning). Developing mechanisms for realistic city rates revenue target setting.

	• Failure to adhere to plans and targets	Too much workload	Lack of capacity Personal interests, lack of delegation	Develop capacity building strategy
(II) OTHER GENER	RAL ISSUES			
	Inability to trace properties	Poor map reading	Lack of capacity	Capacity building of property rates enforcement staff.
		In availability of maps	Outdated maps	• Come up with an electronic configured mapping system (GIS)
Backlog of arrears	Resistance to pay	Weak legal instruments	Outdate property rates By- laws	Expedite By-laws approval.Lobby for the review of Local Government Act.
Poor billing	Poor reconciliation of property accounts.	Outdated billing system	Lack administrative will Inadequate finances to	 Upgrade the billing system Merging sewer fees and city rates billing.
			procure new billing system	

OTHER POTENTIAL REVENUE SOURCES

ISSUES	CAUSE A	CAUSE B	CAUSE C	STRATEGY
LACK OF PROVISION OF TRAINING SERVICES AT A FEE	None- prioritization in annual plans	Underutilization of service	Overlooked by the management and staff members	 Develop a marketing strategy Develop an operationalization short-term
	In adequate marketing			plan
LACK OF PROVISION OF	None-prioritization in	Underutilization of a	Overlooked by	Awareness and publicity of
TAILOR MADE DEPARTMENT	annual plans	service	management and	the service existence.
SERVICES ON COMMERCIAL			staff members	• Develop an
BASIS				operationalization short-term
				plan
LACK OF BUSINESS ORIENTED	No management			Develop a strategy that defines roles
MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR	plans.			and responsibilities of various
ZOMBA CITY STADIUM				stakeholders
PROLIFERATION OF SLUMS	High percentage of	City residence	Lack of awareness	Develop a slums upgrading strategy.
	resident slums in the city	building outside	and general	
		council urban plans	negligence	

INVESTMENT LA	ND Constrained	city	Existence	of	an	Lack of resources	Develop and update the USP
LIMITATION	boundaries		outdated	Uı	rban	to update the USP	
			Structure P	lan (US	SP)		

CHAPTER FOUR

4.1. FORMULATION OF REVENUE ENHANCEMENT OUTCOMES, STRATEGIES AND ACTIVITIES. GOAL: STRENGETHENING ZOMBA CITY COUNCIL'S GOVERNANCE SYSTEM THROUGH IMPROVED LOCAL REVENUE GENERATION FOR IMPROVED PROVISION OF PUBLIC GOODS AND SERVICES.

Table 3: Revenue Enhancement Objectives, Outcomes, Strategies and Activities

OBJECTIVE (Current Status Improvement)	OUTCOME (The Achievable agenda)	STRATEGY (Guide on How to Achieve the Objective)	ACTIVITIES (Steps to be taken to achieve the strategy)
To increase revenue collections from billboards, sign post and any advertising facilities in the city.	Maximize revenues from advertising charges	 Develop a sign posts/advertisers/billboard owners tracking tool Develop a rate able geographical database Tracking and enforcement Developing a binding document between the Council and clients (MOU's) 	 Collecting data for all billboards, sign posts and fixed advertising facilities in the city. Collecting geographical information for all billboards, sign posts and fixed advertising facilities in the city. Conducting frequent enforcement and follow up campaigns. Informing all billboards and sign posts owners/clients to come and sign advertising
		Develop a clear coordination between planning, finance and commerce	 MOU's. Tracking and enforcement Develop MOU's with the clients. Assign a key personnel

		 Come up with a clear pricing plan Identification of a desk officer Develop communication strategy i.e. face to face meeting, phone in programs and etc. 	
To improve revenue collection performance from all council parks and recreation facilities.	Maximizing revenues from all parks and recreation facilities. •	 Prioritize funding for development of recreation parks. Revamp underdeveloped parks Develop a marketing strategy on parks and recreation services Recruit more staff in parks and recreation Review tree felling and selling controls 	 Come up with annual investments needs for all parks and recreation facilities for the council. Develop two recreation parks (Ndola park and Likangala park and landscaping other green spaces in Zomba city Conducting community leaders' sensitization meetings on parks and recreation facilities management. Conducting ward development committee trainings on parks and recreation facilities management Conducting council members (MP's and Councilors trainings on parks and recreation facilities management. Collecting data on key tourism areas in the city.

			 Conducting public awareness activities on key tourism sites in the city. Establish part of the parking space for tourism attraction economic activities (Curios)
To improve	• Increased revenue from	• Outsourcing property	Tendering the bids for management of council
revenue collection	council lock-up shops	management of the lock up shops	lock-up shops.
from council lock		• Publicize all defaulters and	Conduct regular review of lock-up shops tenancy
up shop rentals		debtors	agreements
		• Improve management of tenancy	Conduct regular enforcement campaigns to
		agreements.	ensure that shop tenants are up to date in their
		• Recruit special staff on lockup-	payments
		shops management.	Recruit special staff on lockup-shops
		• Evict long outstanding tenants	management.
		• Review and enforce lockup-shops	
		tenancy agreement management.	
		• Provide more space for business	
		(Build more shops)	
		• Engage NITEL or any other ICT	
		firm on electronic tenancy	
		renewals	

To maximize	• Increased revenue from	Automation of business license.	Conduct sensitization campaigns
revenue from	business premises licenses	Enhancing civic education among	Register spot checks
business licenses	and other permits fees	entrepreneurs and the local people.	Enforcement campaigns
	und outer permits rees	Develop effective enforcement	 Conduct the periodic business licenses registration
		mechanisms	exercise
		Develop Anti-corruption strategy	Inciting private investors
To maximize	• Increased revenue for all	Renovate the old structures.	Renovate the all structures.
revenue from all	commercial ventures for the	• Explore other PPP arrangements.	Conduct periodic review and monitoring of the PPP
commercial	council.		or BOT arrangements on commercial infrastructures
ventures			
Maximize	• Increased revenue collection	Regular updating of QVR and	Collect data for all properties not included in QVR.
revenue collection	from property rates	SVR.	Clean all duplications in the existing QVR.
from property		Enforcing planning issues	Conduct frequent interdepartmental meetings with
rates		Enhanced coordination between	concerned departments concerning valuation
		the two departments (finance and	Compilation of property database
		planning).	Recruitment of a valuation consultant
		• Develop capacity building	Property data collection
		strategy	Procurement of materials
			Close supervision of the valuation process by the
			council's estates officials
			Formulation a draft valuation roll
			Inspection and approval of the roll

Maximize	• Increased revenue from	Reviewing By-laws affecting	 Preparation of a final valuation roll. Close supervision of the valuation process Recruit town rangers Conducting frequent enforcement of market By-
revenue from market fees.	market fees	 Civic education of politicians and market users Updated business register by finance department. Develop an effective communication and citizen engagement strategy. Provide incentives for Matawale market vendors. Enforcement stiff penalties on defaulters. Provision of sweeping services on uncollected areas. 	 laws towards illegal vendors. Conducting periodic reviews of the market Bylaws to carter SMEs business emerging issues. Conducting frequent meetings with market committees on market issues. Engaging politicians in enforcing market fees payments. Introduce vendor market fee payment incentives. Engage market committees on importance of market vendor register Demarcate the market into sections. Conducting monthly market sections vendor register. Conduct monthly targets setting using the vendor register Conducting monthly listing of market fee defaulters.

		 Conduct monthly listing of market shop rentals defaulters. Issue out monthly notice on payment reminders to defaulters. Conduct monthly shops and market eviction on all defaulters. Conducting monthly listing of market fee defaulters. Conduct monthly listing of market shop rentals defaulters. Issue out monthly notice on payment reminders to defaulters. Conduct monthly shops and market eviction on
	Enforcement stiff penalties on defaulters	 Conducting monthly listing of market fee defaulters. Conduct monthly listing of market shop rentals defaulters. Issue out monthly notice on payment reminders to defaulters. Conduct monthly shops and market eviction on all defaulters.

	Increase market spaces	 Engage surrounding communities at Mpondabwino for extension of Mpondabwino market. Engage surrounding communities at Chinamwali for extension of Chinamwali market. Conducting a feasibility study of transforming central market into a modern market. Identify land at Mtiya, Mpira, Chirunga and Mbedza for development of new markets.
To maximize • Increase revenue from all council fees and service charges HARNESSING REVENUE FROM OTHER	 Periodic capacity building council members. Develop a Services Driven Investment Plan Develop a Council Corruption Free Strategy Develop a service charter. Develop an effective communication and citizen engagement strategy. 	 Identify potential lands in wards for the developing of new cemeteries. Conduct frequent commercial advertisements of council hiring services. Conduct frequent staff tailor made trainings.

Maximize revenue from all existing facilities from Zomba city council stadium	Increased revenue from Zomba city council stadium	Lobby for completion of Zomba city council stadium project.	 Conducting frequent follow ups meetings with the Ministry and contractor. Review project completion deadline with the contractor Lobby for timely payment of funds to the contractor.
		Develop a stadium management plan	 Develop a stadium commercial management organogram. Seek for endorsement and approval from HR. committee and Full council. Explore PPP arrangements. Recruit targeted specific for the management of stadium.
		 Developing marketing strategy for the stadium. Develop a strategy that defines roles and responsibilities of various stakeholders 	and full council.

Maximize	Increased revenues from Council	Awareness and publicity of the	Conducting sensitization campaigns.
revenue from	Tailored made professional	service existence.	
council tailor	services	Develop an operationalization	
made professional		short-term plan	
services		_	
Maximize	Increased revenue from	Develop a marketing strategy	Conduct awareness campaigns
revenue from	Council offered training	Develop an operationalization	• Engage different stakeholder e.g. business,
training services	services	short-term plan	NGOs on the existence of trainings.
Maximize	. I	D. D. J.	
	• Increased revenue from	Develop a slums upgrading	Consultative meetings with chiefs and residents
revenue collection	unplanned areas	strategy	Perimeter survey
from unplanned			Preparation of land use plan
areas through			Propose road networks
collection of flat			Propose plot demarcations
rates			Consultative meeting on layout plan
			Approval by planning committee
			Cadastral survey
			Registration of titles (Adjudication)
Maximize	Increased revenue from other	Develop an Urban Structure Plan	Scoping and Project Planning
revenue collection	potential lands outside	(USP)	Consultative community and stakeholders
from other	Zomba city		Research and Information Analysis

potential lands	Urban Design
outside Zomba	Generation and Evaluation of Alternatives
city	Finalizing the Structure Plan

CHAPTER FIVE

5.1. REVENUE ENHANCEMENT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Table 4: Revenue Enhancement Strategy Implementation Plan Matrix

Key: Green means the time an activity will happen at that particular period

Black means no any activity will happen at that particular period

Problem: Under collection from Billboards, sign post and advertising facilities

Objective: To increase revenue collections from Billboards, sign post and any advertising facilities in the city.

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Implei	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Risk
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	- means		
• Develop a sign	• Tracking tools	1						Activity	PIPO/DOF	Some billboard and
posts/advertisers/billboard	developed							report		sign post owners not
owners tracking tool										traceable
Develop a rate able	• Geographical	1						Activity	DPD/PIPO/	Lack of funds to
geographical database	database developed							report	DOF	facilitate the
										development and
										implementation of a
										rateable database.
										Availability of ICT
										equipment.

Develop and review the	MOUs developed and	5			Activity	PIPO/DOF/	Availability of
MOU on advertising	reviewed				report	DOA	adequate personnel for
							easy monitoring.
Enforce advertising	• Number of	12			Monthly	PIPO/DOF	
MOU's with the clients	enforcement				reports		
	activities						
Assign personnel on	Number of people	3			Activity	PIPO/DOA/	Availability of funds
advertising	assigned				report	DOF	for recruitment.
Develop coordination	• Number of	120			Activity	DPD/DOF	Laxity
between Finance,	meetings				report/Minu		
Planning & Commerce					tes		
• Develop	Communication	1			Activity	PRO/PIPO/	
communication strategy	Strategy				report	DOF	
	developed						
Develop pricing plan	• Price plan	1			Activity	PIPO	
for sign post	developed				report		

Problem: Under collection from council parks and recreation facilities

Objective: To improve revenue collection performance from all council parks and recreation facilities.

Strategy	Indicator	Target	Implementation Year(s)			Verification Responsible		Risk		
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means		
Develop a marketing strategy	Market strategy developed	1						Activity report	DOA/PRO/ DHSS/Park s Officer	Lack of funds of the development of the marketing strategy. Lack of funds to facilitate implementation of awareness campaigns.
Funding for development of recreation parks	Amount of funds allocated	1						Activity report	PIPO/DOF/ Parks Officer	Availability of funds to facilitate development of the Investment Plans
Revamp underdeveloped parks	Number of existing recreation parks revamped	5						Activity report	Parks Office/DHS S/DOF	Availability of Funds to facilitate development of recreation parks. Availability of adequate staff of the development of recreation parks

•	Recruit more staff	Number of staff recruited	10			Activity	DOA/DHSS			
	in Parks &					report	/Park's			
	Recreation						Officer			
•	Review tree	Tree felling and selling	1			Activity	Auditor/DO	Lack	of	Coordination
	felling and selling	controls developed				report	F/PIPO/Par	betwee	n the	departments
	controls						ks Officer			

Problem: Under collection from shop rentals

Objective: To improve revenue collection from council lock up shop rentals

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Implei	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Risk
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	- means		
Outsourcing	Number of tendered bids	5						Activity	PIPO/DOF/	Expedited
property								reports	PPO	procurement
management of the										process.
lock up shops per										
market and other										
Council facilities										

•	Develop a tenancy	• Tenancy database	1			Activity	PIPO/DOF	Availability of funds
	agreement data	developed				report		Availability of ICT
	base for council							Equipment
	properties							Equipment
•	Review and	Number of reviews and	5			Activity	PIPO/DOF	Laxity
	enforce lockup-	enforcement activities				Report		
	shops tenancy							
	agreement							
	management							
•	Publicize all	• Number of defaulters	12			Activity	PRO/PIPO/	Political Interference
	defaulters and	publicized				Report	DOF	Weak Legal
	debtors							Framework
								Tranicwork
•	Recruit special	• Number of staff	5			Activity	DOA/PIPO/	
	staff on lockup-	recruited on lockup-				Report	DOF	
	•	1				Report	DOI	
	shops	shops management						
	management.							
•	Evict long	• Number of tenants	12			Activity	DOF/PIPO	Political Interference
	outstanding	evicted				Report		Weak Legal
	tenants							Framework
								1 Idillow OIR

• Provide more	 Number of shops built 	50			Activity	DOF/DOES	
space for business					report	/PIPO	
(build more shops)							
Develop automated	Automated system	1			Activity	DOF/PIPO	
tenancy renewals	developed				report		

Problem: Under collection from business licenses

Objective: To maximize revenue from business licenses

Strategy	Indicator	Annual		Imple	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Risk
		Target	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means		
Civic education	• number of sensitization	4						Activity	DHSS/PIPO	Laxity
and political will.	campaigns and							Report	/PRO	
	enforcement campaigns									
• Automation of	• Number of business	12						Activity	PIPO/MISO	
business license.	registered							Report	/DOF	
Develop and	• Effective enforcement	1						Activity	PIPO/DOF/	
review effective	mechanism developed							report	Auditor	
enforcement										
mechanism										

•	Develop	Anti-	•	Anti-Corruption	1		Activity	CEO/DOA	
	Corruption			Strategy developed			report		
	Strategy								

Problem: Under collection from commercial ventures

Objective: To maximize revenue from all commercial ventures

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Implei	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsi	Risk
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means	ble	
Renovate the old	Number of Renovated	13						Activity	DPD/DO ES/DOF	
structures.	structures.							Report	ES/DOF	
Explore other PPP	• Number of PPP	4						Activity	DOES/PI	
arrangements	arrangements							Report	PO/DOF/	
									DPD	

Problem: Under collection from property rates

Objective: To maximize revenue collection from property rates

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Imple	mentatio	n Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Remarks
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	- means		
Regular updating of QVR	QVR updated	1						Activity report	DPD	Lack of funds and capacity
Regular updating of SVR	SVR updated	5						Activity report	DPD/PEMO/ CTOEO	Availability of funds
Develop capacity building strategy	Building Strategy developed	1						Activity report	DPD/CTOE O	
Enhanced coordination between the two departments (finance and planning).	Number of interdepartmental meetings	120						Activity report/Min utes	DPD/DOF/ PIPO	Laxity
• Enforcing planning issues	Number of enforcements activities	120						Activity report	DPD/DOF	

•	Mechanisms for	Revenue targets	120			Activity	DPD/CTOE	
	city rates revenue	mechanism developed				report	P	
	target	and reviewed						

Problem: Under collection of revenue from market fees

Objective: To maximize revenue from market fees.

Strategy	Indicator	Target	01			Verificati	Responsible	Remark		
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	on means		
Reviewing By-	By-Laws reviewed	1						Activity	DOA/PIPO/	Slow Judicial Review
laws affecting illegal	By-Laws leviewed	1						Report	DOF	Slow Judicial Review
vending vending								Кероп	DOI	
vending										
Updated business	Number of business	60						Activity	DHSS/PIPO	Laxity
register by	registered							Report	/DOF	
finance										
department										
Civic education	Number of meetings with	20						Activity	PRO/PIPO/	
of politicians and	market committees							Report/M	DOF	
market users								inutes		

• Enforcement stiff penalties on defaulters	Number of defaulters penalized	30			Activity Report	DOA/PIPO/ DOF	Weak Legal Framework
Increase market spaces	· Area space increased	2			Activity report	DPD/DOES /PIPO/DOF	Availability of funds
• Provision of sweeping services on uncollected areas	Number of sweeping exercises	120			Activity report	DHSS	
Provide incentives for market vendors	Number of incentives provided	120			Activity report	PIPO/DOF	

Problem: Under collection from fees and services charges

Objective: To maximize revenue from all fees and service charges

Strategy	Indicator	Target	Impleme	entation \	Year(s)			Verification	Responsible	Remark
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means		
Develop new cemeteries	Number of new cemeteries developed	2						Activity reports	DPD/ DHSS	Availability of resources Multiple Land landlords

Develop a Council	Corruption free strategy for	1			Activity	Auditor/DO	Availability of
Corruption Free	the council developed				Report	A/CEO	resources
Strategy							
. D. I	G : 1: T				A 21 12	DIDO/DOE	
• Develop a	Service driven Investment	2			Activity	PIPO/DOF	
Services Driven	Plan Developed				Report		
Investment Plan							
Periodic capacity	Number of capacity	100			Activity	DOA/CEO/	
building council	building activities				Report	DOF	
members and staff					•		
Develop Service	Service charter	1			Activity	DOA/PRO	
Charter	developed				Report		
 Develop an 	Communication	1			Activity	DOA/PRO	Availability of
effective	Strategy Developed				Report		resources
communication							
and citizen							
engagement							
strategy.							

HARNESSING REVENUE FROM UNTAPPED COUNCIL REVENUE SOURCES

Table 5: Revenue from untapped council revenue sources

Problem: Delay of completion of Zomba stadium

Objective: Maximize revenue from all existing facilities from Zomba city council stadium

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Imple	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Remark	
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means			
• Lobby for completion of Zomba city council stadium project.	• Number engagement meetings	36						Activity report/Minut es	DOA/CEO	Availability funds	of
• Develop a stadium management plan	Commercial management organogram developed	1						Activity report	PIPO/DOA/ DOF		
• Developing marketing strategy for the stadium.	Marketing strategy developed	1						Activity report	PIPO/DOF		

Problem: Lack of awareness and publicity of tailor services

Objective: To maximize revenue from council tailor made professional services

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Implei	nentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Remark
								means		
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026			
Awareness and	• Number of sensitization	120						Activity	PRO	
publicity of the service	campaigns							report		
existence.										
• Develop an	Operationalization short	1						Activity	DOF/PIPO/	
operationalization	term plan developed							report	DOA	
short-term plan										

Problem: Lack of awareness and publicity training services

Objective: To maximize revenue from training services

Strategy	Indicator	Annual		Imple	mentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Risk
		Target	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	- means		
Develop a marketing strategy	Marketing strategy developed	1						Activity report	PRO	
Develop an operationalizatio n short-term plan	Short-term operationalization plan developed	1						Activity report	PIPO/DOF	

Problem: Under collection from unplanned areas through collection of flat rates

Objective: To Maximize revenue collection from unplanned areas through collection of flat rates

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Impler	nentation	Year(s)		Verification	Responsible	Remark
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means		
Develop a slums upgrading strategy	Slums upgrading strategy developed	1						Activity report	DPD/DOES /DOF	

Problem: Existence of multiple Landlords outside Zomba City

Objective: To maximize revenue collection from other potential lands outside Zomba city

Strategy	Indicator	Target		Impleme	ntation Y	ear(s)		Verification	Responsible	Remark
			2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	means		
Develop an Urban Structure Plan (USP)	USP developed	1						Activity report	DPD/DOF	